Tafsir Ibn Kathir

Alama Imad ud Din Ibn Kathir

Tafsir ibn Kathir, is a classic Tafsir (commentary of the Qur'an) by Imad ud Din Ibn Kathir. It is considered to be a summary of the earlier Tafsir al-Tabari. It is popular because it uses Hadith to explain each verse and chapter of the Qur'an...

Surah Al Infitar



The Virtues of Surah Al-Infitar

An-Nasa'i recorded from Jabir that Mu`adh stood and lead the people in the Night prayer, and he made the recitation of his prayer long. So the Prophet said, وَا أَنْتُ أَنْنُ لِعَالَىٰ (Are you putting the people to trial O Mu`adh Why don't you recite

- الأَعْلَىٰ مَبِّكَ اسْمَ سَبِّح (Glorify the Name of your Lord the Most High) (Surah 87),
- وَالْفُسَى (By the forenoon) (Surah 93), and
- انفَطَرَتُ السَّمَاءُ إِذَا (When the heaven is cleft asunder) (Surah 82)''

and The basis of this Hadith is found in the Two Sahihs, however the mentioning of انفَطَرَتُ السَّمَاءُ إِذَا (When the heaven is cleft asunder.) has only been mentioned by Nasa'i.

It has been previously mentioned in a narration from `Abdullah bin `Umar that the Prophet said,

مَنُ سَرَّهُ أَنْ يَنْظُرَ إِلَى الْقِيَامَةِ مَأْ يَعَيْنٍ فَلْيَقُرَأُ:

Whoever would be pleased to look at the Day of Resurrection with his own eyes, then let him recite,

- كُوِّرَتُ الشَّمَسُ إِذَا (When the sun is Kuwwirat.) (Surah 81)
- انفَطَرَتُ السَّمَا ُءُ إِذَا (When the heaven is cleft asunder) (Surah 82) and
- انشَقَّتُ السَّمَا ُ إِذَا (When the heaven is split asunder) (Surah 84)."

Surah Infitar

(The Cleaving Asunder)

بِسْمِ اللّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

In the Name of Allah, the Most Gracious, the Most Merciful.

إذا السَّمَاءُ انْفَطَرَتْ

When the heaven is cleft asunder (Infatarat).

وَإِذَا الْكُواكِبِ انْتَثَرَتُ

And when the stars Intatharat.

<u>وَإِذَا الْبِحَامُ فُجِّرَتُ</u>

And when the seas Fujjirat.

وَإِذَا الْقُبُومُ بُعُثِرَتُ

And when the graves Bu'thirat.

عَلِمَتُ نَفُسٌ مَا قَلَّ مَتُ وَأَنَّحَرَتُ

A person will know what he has sent forward and left behind.

يَاأَيُّهَا الْإِنْسَانُ مَاغَرَّكَ بِرَبِّكَ الْكَرِيمِ

O man! What has made you careless about your Lord, the Most Generous

الَّذِي خَلَقَكَ فَسَوَّ الْكَ فَعَلَ لَكَ

Who created you, fashioned you perfectly, and gave you due proportion.

ڣۣٲؘؾۣڞۅ؆ۊٟڡٙٲۺؘٲءٙ؆ػؖڹۘۘۘڰ

In whatever form He willed, He put you together.

كَلَّابَلُ تُكَنِّبُونَ بِالرِّينِ Nay! But you deny (the Day of) Ad-Din. وَإِنَّ عَلَيْكُمْ لِكَافِظِينَ But verily, over you to watch you كِرَامًا كَاتِبِينَ Kiraman Katibin, يَعُلَمُونَ مَا تَفْعَلُونَ They know all that you do. What will happen on the Day of Judgement Allah says, إذَا السَّمَاء انفَطَرَتُ (١) When the heaven is cleft asunder (Infatarat). meaning, it splits. This is as Allah says, السَّمَا ءُمُنفَطِرٌ بهِ Whereon the heaven will be cleft asunder (Munfatir) (73:18) Then Allah says, وَإِذَا الْكُوَاكِبِ انتَثَرَتُ (٢) And when the stars Intatharat. meaning, fallen. وَإِذَا الْبِحَامُ فُجِّرَتُ (٣) And when the seas Fujjirat. Ali bin Abi Talhah reported from Ibn Abbas that he said, "Allah will cause some of it to burst forth over other parts of it." Al-Hasan said,

"Allah will cause some parts of it to burst forth over other parts of it, and its water will go away."

Qatadah said,

"Its fresh water will mix with its salt water."

وَإِذَا الْقُبُورُ بُعُثِرَتُ (٤)

And when the graves Bu'thirat.

Ibn Abbas said, "searched."

As-Suddi said,

"Tub`athiru means that they will be moved and those who are in them will come out."

عَلِمَتُ نَفُسٌمَّا قَلَّمَتُ وَأَخَّرَتُ (٥)

A person will know what he has sent forward and left behind. meaning, when this happens then this will occur.

Mankind should not forget about Allah. Allah says,

يَاأَيُّهَا الْإِنسَانُ مَاغَرَّكَ بِرَبِّكَ الْكَرِيمِ (٦)

O man!

What has made you careless about your Lord, the Most Generous?

This is a threat. It is not an attempt to get a reply as some people mistakenly think. They consider it as if the Most Generous is asking them so that they will say,

"His honor deceived him (or made him careless of his Lord)."

rather the meaning of this Ayah is,

"O Son of Adam!

What has deceived you from your Lord, the Most Generous -- meaning the Most Great -- so that you went forth disobeying Him, and you met Him with that which was unbefitting."

This is similar to what has been reported in the Hadith,

يَقُولُ اللهُ تَعَالَى يَوْمَ الْقِيَامَةِ:

يَا ابْنَ آدَمَ مَا غَرَّكَ بِي؟

يَا ابْنَ آدَمَ مَاذَا أَجَبْتَ الْمُرْسَلِين؟

Allah will say on the Day of Judgement:

"O Son of Adam!

What has deceived you concerning Me?

O Son of Adam!

What was your response to the Messengers?"

Al-Baghawi mentioned that Al-Kalbi and Muqatil said,

"This Ayah was revealed about Al-Aswad bin Shariq who struck the Prophet and he was not punished in retaliation. So Allah revealed, &

َ الْكُرِيوِ (What has made you careless about your Lord, the Most Generous?)"

Then Allah said,

Who created you, fashioned you perfectly, and gave you due proportion. meaning,

`what has deceived you concerning the Most Generous Lord'

Who created you, fashioned you perfectly, and gave you due proportion. meaning,

`He made you complete, straight, and perfectly balanced and proportioned in stature. He fashioned you in the best of forms and shapes.'

Imam Ahmad recorded from Busr bin Jahhash Al-Qurashi that one day the Messenger of Allah spat in his palm and placed his finger on it. Then he said,

فَجَمَعُتَ وَمَنَعُتَ حَتَّى إِذَا بَلَغَتِ التَّرَاقِيَ قُلْتَ:

أَتَصَدَّقُ وَأَنَّى أَوَانُ الصَّدَقَةِ؟

Allah the Mighty and Sublime says:

"O Son of Adam!

How can you escape Me when I created you from something similar to this (spit) Then I fashioned you and made your creation balanced so that you walked between the two outer garments. And the earth has a burial place for you.

So you gathered (wealth) and withheld it until your soul reached your collarbone (i.e., death comes). Then, at that time you say, `I will give charity now.' But how will there be time for charity"

This Hadith has also been recorded by Ibn Majah.

Concerning Allah's statement,

In whatever form He willed, He put you together.

Mujahid said,

"In which resemblance: the father, the mother, the paternal uncle, or the maternal uncle."

In the Two Sahihs it is recorded from Abu Hurayrah that a man said,

"O Messenger of Allah! Verily, my wife has given birth to a black boy."

The Prophet said, إِبِل مِنْ لَكُ هَلُ Do you have any camels?

The man said, "Yes."

The Prophet then said, الْوَالْهُ فَمَا What color are they?

The man said, "Red."

The Prophet said, أُوْرَيْ مِنْ فِيهَا فَهَلْ Do any of them have patches of gray?

The man said, "Yes."

The Prophet asked him, ذلك أَتَاهَا فَأَنَّى How did this happen to them?

The man replied, "It is probably an inherited genetical strain."

The Prophet then said, عِزُق نَزَعَهُ يِكُونَ أَنْ عَسَى وَهَذَا Likewise, this (with your son) is probably an inherited genetical strain.

Concerning Allah's statement,

كَلَّابَلُ تُكَذِّبُونَ بِالدِّينِ (٩)

Nay! But you deny (the Day of) Ad-Din.

meaning, `you are only compelled to oppose the Most Generous and meet Him with disobedience, by your rejection in your hearts of the Hereafter, the recompense and the reckoning.'

Concerning Allah's statement,

وَإِنَّ عَلَيْكُمْ لَحَافِظِينَ (١٠) كِرَاهًا كَاتِبِينَ (١١) يَعْلَمُونَ مَا تَفْعَلُونَ (١٢) But verily, over you to watch you (are) Kiraman Katibin, they know all that you do.

meaning,

`indeed there are noble guardian angels over you, so do not meet them with evil deeds, because they write down all that you do.'

13.

Verily, the Abrar (the righteous believers) will be in Delight;

14

And verily, the wicked will be in the blazing Fire (Hell),

15

Therein they will enter, and taste its burning flame on the Day of Recompense,

16.

And they will not be absent therefrom.

17

And what will make you know what the Day of Recompense is?

18

Again, what will make you know what the Day of Recompense is?

19.

(It will be) the Day when no person shall have power for another,



and the Decision, that Day, will be with Allah.

The Reward of the Righteous and the Sinners Allah informs of what the righteous will receive of delight.

Verily, the Abrar (the righteous believers) will be in Delight; And verily, the wicked will be in the blazing Fire (Hell),

They are those who obeyed Allah and did not meet Him with disobedience (sins). Then He mentions that the evildoers will be in Hell and eternal torment.

Due to this He says,

Therein they will enter, and taste its burning flame on the Day of Recompense,

meaning, the Day of Reckoning, Recompense, and Judgement.

And they will not be absent therefrom.

meaning, they will not be absent for even one hour from the torment. The torment will not be lightened from them, nor will they be granted the death that they will be requesting, or any rest -- not even for a single day.

Allah then says,

And what will make you know what the Day of Recompense is?

This is a magnification of the affair of the Day of Judgement.

Then Allah affirms it by saying,

Again, what will make you know what the Day of Recompense is?

Then He explains this by saying,

(It will be) the Day when no person shall have power for another,

meaning, no one will be able to benefit anyone else, or help him out of that which he will be in, unless Allah gives permission to whomever He wishes and is pleased with.

We will mention here a Hadith where the Prophet said,

O children of Hashim!

Save yourselves from the Fire, for I have no power to cause you any benefit from Allah.

This has been mentioned previously at the end of the Tafsir of Surah Ash-Shu`ara' (see 26:214).

Thus, Allah says,



and the Decision, that Day, will be with Allah.

"By Allah, the Decision is for Allah today (now), but on that Day no one will try to dispute with Him about it."

This is the end of the Tafsir of Surah Al-Infitar. All praise and blessings are due to Allah, and He is the Giver of success and freedom from error.
